



KM-7101

**M. A. (Sem. I) Examination -
December - 2024**

English Literature

Paper - I - MAEN-CC-101

**English Language & Communication
Skills-I**

(Grammar & Usage)

Time allowed : Three Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Candidates will be required to answer five questions in all, one from each unit. However, there will be an internal choice as part of the Unitization scheme. All questions will carry equal marks.

SECTION - A

- 1 Answer the following questions in $2 \times 10 = 20$ not more than 20 words :
- (i) What is a noun phrase ?
 - (ii) What is a noun clause ?
 - (iii) Give four words with 'prefix'.
 - (iv) Give four words with 'suffix'.
 - (v) What are phrasal verbs ? Give one example.
 - (vi) What is 'idiom' ?
 - (vii) What is 'resume' ?
 - (viii) Give any two types of 'reports'.
 - (ix) What is logical fallacy ?
 - (x) What is comprehension ?

SECTION - B

$16 \times 5 = 80$

UNIT - I

- 2 Discuss in detail : Noun Clause, Adjective Clause and Adverbial Clause.

OR

Answer the following questions as per the indications given in the brackets :

- (i) Everyone found the book controversial.
(Identify SVOC)

- (ii) Lakshmi reached school after 9 a.m.
(Identify SVOA)
- (iii) Jancy went to the grocery store last Saturday. (Identify SVAA)
- (iv) I am an Indian. (Identify SVC)
- (v) He went upstairs. (Identify SVA)
- (vi) They have been studying all night. (Identify Verb phrase)
- (vii) My father is cooking today. (Identify verb phrase)
- (viii) I have been waiting all day. (Identify verb phrase)
- (ix) The dogs have been barking continuously. (Identify verb phrase)
- (x) She is running. (Identify verb phrase).
- (xi) I don't want to go out until I've eaten dinner. (Identify adverbial clause)
- (xii) Because the gym was closed, they exercised at home. (Identify Adverbial clause)
- (xiii) If you work hard, you will be able to score good marks. (Identify Adverbial clause)
- (xiv) In case you like it, let us know. (Identify adverbial clause)

- (xv) As soon as you meet her, call me. (Identify adverbial clause)
- (xvi) Before you make your decision, make sure you think this through.
(Identify adverbial clause)

UNIT - II

3 Fill in the blanks with correct form of verb.

- (i) Who has _____ this picture here ?
(hang)
- (ii) We _____ to college at 10 O' clock every day. (go)
- (iii) He had _____ an accident last week.
(have)
- (iv) He will catch the bus if he _____ early.
(start)
- (v) I _____ this watch in Mumbai (buy)
- (vi) The first meet _____ in Athens in 1896.
(hold)
- (vii) He _____ here since 1998. (live)
- (viii) She _____ a hot bath this morning. (have)

OR

Make nouns :

- (i) brave (ii) dark (iii) poor
(iv) false

Make Adjectives :

- (v) anger (vi) book (vii) danger
(viii) enemy

UNIT - III

4 Give synonyms:

- (i) kill (ii) cruel (iii) sad
(iv) grand (v) pain (vi) clean
(vii) loyal (viii) serious

Give Antonyms :

- (ix) genius (x) whisper (xi) peace
(xii) entrance (xiii) freedom (xiv) fresh
(xv) heaven (xvi) violent

OR

Explain the given phrasal verbs with suitable examples :

- (i) fall apart (ii) come across
(iii) call off (iv) give up
(v) look after (vi) break down
(vii) get away (viii) go ahead

UNIT - IV

- 5 You are an M.A. in English Literature. A faculty position in your subject is vacant in a college. Apply for this position. Invent necessary details.

OR

Write a report on the Annual function of your college.

UNIT - V

- 6 What is Logical Fallacy ? Describe different kinds of Logical Fallacies with suitable examples in detail.

OR

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow :

There are three kinds of institutions in India to train persons for technical jobs. The Industrial Training Institutes offer courses in select skills pertaining to the different trades in technical employment. A successful completion of a course in these institutes enables the student to become a craftsman such as a fitter, a turner, a lineman, or a tracer.

Polytechnics belong to the second type of institutions. They offer courses on essential theory and actual practice of the different branches of technology. On completion of a course one is awarded a diploma in the concerned branch. This is technically advanced when compared to the certificate courses in ITIs. Not merely training in the trade concerned but a sound knowledge of theory is required for any technical production. Different techniques are necessary for different professions. As this institution offers many of these techniques, it is called a polytechnic. However, the major techniques in our polytechnics are often of the three main branches of engineering, viz., Civil, Mechanical and Electrical. Many other specialized courses are also conducted in selected polytechnics to suit the demands of persons for the technological development of our country.

The third kind of institution is highly advanced and is meant to produce technologists. They can direct, advise and create new productions with the help of trained technicians and craftsmen. Colleges of Engineering and

Institutes of Technology belong to this category. Those who successfully come out of these can pursue their studies in a specialized area and do research for further improvements in the country's technical progress.

- (i) How many kinds of technical institutions are there in India ?
- (ii) Which institutions offer certificates at the end ?
- (iii) Which institutions offer diplomas at the end?
- (iv) Which institutions offer degrees at the end ?
- (v) Which institutions are called polytechnics and why ?
- (vi) Which are the third kind of technical institutions ? What do they do ?
- (vii) Which institutions enable students to become craftsmen ?
- (viii) Colleges of Engineering and IITs belong to which category ?

